

Safety Data Sheet (SDS) CAL SC/01

According to UN GHS 9th Ed

Revision Date: 2022/02/06

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First print date: 2015/02/02

Version: 1.4

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product identifier:

Identification as on the label/Trade name: **CALIBRE[®] SC**

Additional information: Product code CAL SC/01

Relevant identification uses of the substance and uses advised against:

Identified uses: Herbicide.

Uses advised against: Use only as directed.

Details of the distributor of the Safety Data Sheet:

AECI Limited

14 Field Road, LILANTON

Emergency telephone numbers:

Griffon Poison information centre: 082 446 8946

Poisons Information Helpline: 0861 555 777

AECI Limited: (011) 823 8000 (o/h) Spill Tech: 086 100 0366 (a/h)

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substances or mixture:

The mixture is classified according to

SANS 10234:2019, Regulation EC 1272/2008 [EU-GHS/CLP]	
Hazard classes/Hazard categories	Hazard statement
Skin irritant (Category 2)	H315
Skin sensitization (Category 1)	H317
Serious eye damage (Category 1)	H318
Specific organ toxicity single exposure (Category 3)	H335
Carcinogenicity (Category 2)	H351
Reproduction toxicity (Category 2)	H361f
Specific Target Organ Toxicity repeated exposure (Category 2)	H373 (kidney)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute 1)	H400
Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic 1)	H410

For full text of H statements see section 16

The most important adverse effects:

The most important adverse physiochemical effects: None.

The most important adverse human health effects: Causes serious eye damage, skin irritation and may cause an allergic skin reaction.

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Label elements

Hazard pictograms:



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements: H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility. H373 May cause damage to the kidneys through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements: P201 Obtain special instruction before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P260 Do not breathe mist/ vapours/ spray. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P33+P313 if skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.

Special labelling of certain mixtures: None known.

Other hazards: None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/Mixture: Mixture

Ingredients:

Substance name (IUPAC/EC)	CAS –No.	Concentration % By weight	Classification EC1272/2008
	EC-No.		
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	30-40%	Skin irritation (Category 2) H315. Skin sensitization (Category 1) H317. Acute toxicity inhalation (Category 4) H332. Carcinogenicity (Category 2) H351. Reproductive toxicity (Category 2) H361 f. STOT RE 2 H373 (kidney). STOT SE 3 H335. Aquatic acute 1 H400 (M=1000). Aquatic chronic 1 H410 (M=100).
	251-899-3		
Atrazine	1912-24-9	10-20%	Skin sensitizer (Category 1) H317. STOT RE 2 H373. Aquatic acute 1 H400. Aquatic chronic 1 H410.
	217-617-8		
Terbuthylazine	5915-41-3	10-20%	Acute toxicity oral (Category 4) H302. Aquatic acute 1 H400. Aquatic chronic 1 H410.
	227-637-9		
Ethylene glycol mono	107-21-1	1-10%	Acute toxicity oral (Category 4) H302.
	203-473-3		

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Calcium dodecylbenzene sulphonate	90194-26-6	1-5%	Skin irritant (Category 2) H315. Serious eye damage (Category 1) H318.
	290-635-1		
Dichloramid	37764-25-3	1-5%	Acute toxicity oral (Category 4) H302. Acute toxicity inhalation (Category 4) H332.
	253-658-8		

For full text of H statements see section 16

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures:

In case of inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately if skin irritation persists.

In case of eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of ingestion: Immediately transfer patient to nearest hospital or medical centre, warning by telephone of the estimated arrival time so that the start of treatment is not delayed. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Inhalation: May be hazardous in case of inhalation product is a lung irritant. Inhalation of the spray mist may produce severe irritation of respiratory tract, characterized by coughing, choking, or shortness of breath. Over-exposure by inhalation may cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestions: May be harmful if swallowed.

Skin contact: Irritant, may cause an allergic reaction.

Eye contact: Hazardous in case of eye contact (corrosive).

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE -FIGHTING MEASURE

Extinguisher media:

Suitable extinguisher media: Carbon dioxide, dry powder or alcohol resistant foam.

SMALL FIRE: Extinguish small fires with carbon dioxide, dry powder, or alcohol-resistant foam.

LARGE FIRE: Water spray can be used for larger fires or cooling of unaffected stock but avoid the accumulation of polluted run-off from the site.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use high volume water jet, due to contamination risk.

Special hazards arising from the mixture:

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In the event of fire, the formation of hydrogen chloride, carbon monoxide and nitrogen oxides may be anticipated.

Fire may produce irritating or poisonous vapours, mists or other products of combustion.

Advice for fire-fighters:

Fire fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel: Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Refer to Section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

For emergency responders: Use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent, isolate the spill area and limit the access to emergency responders only. Avoid any contact with spilled material, use adequate protective clothes and gloves.

Environmental precautions:

Cover drains. Prevent from entering soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater.

Methods for containment and cleaning up:

For small spills Contain spilled material if possible. Collect in suitable and properly labelled containers. Absorb with materials such as: sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth.

For large spills Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g., sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in well labelled container for disposal according to local regulations.

Reference to other sections:

See section 7 for information on safe handling.

See section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See section 13 for information on disposal.

Additional information:

None.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing.

Protective measures: Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Do not eat drink or smoke when handling this product.

Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities:

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Store product in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area away from children, animals, food, feedstuff, seed and fertilizers. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Specific end uses:

Use as directed. Use original container.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters:

Occupational exposure limits (OEL):

Atrazine (CAS 1912-24-9) OEL-RL 4 mg/m³.

Ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1) OEL-RL 50 ppm, OEL-STEL 100 ppm. (Vapour fraction)

Biological exposure indices (BEI): No information available.

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: No information available.

Exposure control:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. A Risk Assessment should be conducted before handling is to commence to determine specific exposure control.

Appropriate engineering controls: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours below their respective OEL's. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses. If there is a potential for exposure to particles, wear chemical goggles.

Hand protection: Use chemical resistant gloves. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include Nitrile/butadiene rubber, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate, Polyvinyl alcohol, Polyvinyl chloride.

Body protection: Appropriate impervious clothing is required to prevent skin contact with the product.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection is required; use an approved air-purifying respirator.

Environmental exposure controls: Prevent product from entry into sewers and water courses.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance (form): Suspension concentrate.

Colour: White to off white.

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Odour: Not known.

Odour threshold: Not known.

pH (at concentration): 5.56 (100%)

Melting point/range (°C): Not applicable

Boiling point/range (°C): No information available.

Flash point (°C): No information available.

Evaporation rate: No information available.

Flammability (solid, gas): No information available

Ignition temperature (°C): No information available.

Upper/lower flammability/explosive limits: No information available.

Vapour pressure (20°C): No information available.

Vapour density: No information available.

Density (20°C): 1.131 g/mL.

Water solubility (g/l) at 20°C: No information available.

n-Octanol/ Water partition coefficient: No information available

Auto-ignition temperature: No information available.

Decomposition temperature: No information available.

Viscosity, dynamic (mPa s): 3100 cps [AM-08] (spindle no.3, speed 10)

Physical hazards:

Explosive properties: Not explosive or corrosive.

Other information:

Fat solubility (solvent-oil to be specified): No information available.

Bulk density: No information available.

Dissociation constant in water (p Ka): No information available.

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Oxidation-reduction potential: No information available.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:

The product is stable under normal storage conditions in original container for at least 2 years.

Chemical stability:

Relatively stable in neutral, weakly acidic and weakly alkaline media; hydrolysed by stronger acids and basis.

Possibility of hazardous reactions:

No information available.

Conditions to avoid:

Excessive heat.

Incompatible materials:

Strong acids, strong bases. Compatible with most herbicides.

Hazardous decomposition products:

No information available.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution:

Non-human toxicological data: No Information available.

Excretion:

Acetochlor:

In animals, extensively metabolised in rats and readily eliminated in the excreta.

Atrazine:

In mammals, following oral administration, atrazine is rapidly and completely metabolised, primarily by oxidative dealkylation of the amino groups.

Terbuthylazine:

In mammals, following oral administration, 70–80% is eliminated in the urine and faeces within 24 hours, and almost all within 48 hours.

Information on toxicological effects based on data of individual ingredients:

Acute toxicity

Calibre® SC:

Acute toxicity oral LD₅₀ for rats >2000 mg/kg (calculated) Category 5 not classified.

Inhalation LC₅₀ (4 h) for rats 7.13 mg/ℓ (calculated) Category 5 not classified.

Acetochlor:

Acute oral LD₅₀ for rats 2148 mg/kg.

Dermal LD₅₀ for rabbits 4166 mg/kg.

Inhalation LC₅₀ (4 h) for rats >3.0 mg/ℓ air.

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Atrazine (tech):

Acute toxicity oral LD₅₀ for rats 1869-3090 mg/kg.

Dermal LD₅₀ for rats >3100 mg/kg.

Inhalation LC₅₀ (4 h) for rats >5.8 mg/ℓ.

Dichloramid:

Oral toxicity LD₅₀ for male rat 2146 mg/kg.

Dermal LD₅₀ for rabbits >5000 mg/kg.

Inhalation LC₅₀ for rat (1 h) 1.375 mg/ℓ.

Ethylene glycol:

Acute toxicity oral LD_{Lo} for human 786 mg/kg.

Oral LD₅₀ for rat 4700mg/kg.

Terbuthylazine:

Acute toxicity oral LD₅₀ for rats 1590 mg/kg.

Dermal LD₅₀ for rats >2000 mg/kg.

Inhalation LC₅₀ (4 h) for rats >5.3 mg/ℓ.

Chronic toxicity: No information available

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Acetochlor:

Practically non-irritating to skin for rabbits.

Atrazine:

Non-irritating to skin for rabbits.

Terbuthylazine:

Not a skin irritant.

Serious eye damage/irritation:

Acetochlor:

Practically non-irritating to eyes for rabbits.

Atrazine:

Minimally irritating to eyes for rabbits.

Terbuthylazine:

No eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Acetochlor:

Contact sensitisation reactions observed in guinea pigs.

Atrazine:

Not a skin sensitizer in guinea pigs, nor in humans.

Terbuthylazine:

Not a skin sensitizer.

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Dichloramid

Mild skin sensitizer for guinea pigs.

Germ cell mutagenicity: No information available.

Carcinogenicity: No information available.

Reproductive toxicity: No information available.

STOT-single exposure: No information available.

STOT-repeated exposure: No information available.

Aspiration hazard: No information available.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:

Acetochlor:

Birds: Acute oral LD₅₀ for Bobwhite quail 928 mg/kg and Mallard ducks >2000 mg/kg. Dietary LC₅₀ (5 d) for Bobwhite quail and Mallard ducks >5620 mg/kg.

Fish: LC₅₀ (96 h) for Rainbow trout 0.36 mg/ℓ, Bluegill sunfish 1.3 mg/ℓ, Sheepshead minnow 2.4 mg/ℓ.

Daphnia: LC₅₀ (48 h) 8.6 mg/ℓ.

Algae: ErC₅₀ (72 h) for green algae (*Selenastrum capricornutum*) 0.52 µg/ℓ (recovery observed); ErC₅₀ (5 d) for diatoms (*Navicula pelliculosa*) 2.3 mg/ℓ, Blue-green algae (*Anabaena flos-aquae*) 110 mg/ℓ. ErC₅₀ (72 h) for marine algae (*Skeletonema costatum*) 21 µg/ℓ.

Other aquatic species: EC₅₀ (96 h) for shrimps (*Mysidopsis bahia*) 2.4 mg/ℓ; EbC₅₀ (7 d) for Duckweed (*Lemna* sp.) 3.6 g/ℓ, ErC₅₀ (7 d) 7.4 µg/ℓ (recovery observed).

Bees: LD₅₀ (48 h) for contact >200 µg/bee.

Worms: LC₅₀ (14 d) earthworms (*Eisenia foetida*) 211 mg/kg.

Atrazine:

Birds: Acute oral LD₅₀ for Bobwhite quail varies from 940 mg/kg to >2000 mg/kg and Mallard ducks and Japanese quail 4237 mg/kg. Dietary LC₅₀ (8 d) for Japanese quail (chicks) >5000 and adults >1000 mg/kg.

Fish: LC₅₀ (96 h) for Rainbow trout 4.5-11.0 mg/ℓ, Bluegill sunfish 16 mg/ℓ, Carp 76.0 mg/ℓ, Catfish 7.6 mg/ℓ and Guppies 4.3 mg/ℓ.

Daphnia: LC₅₀ (48 h) for *D magna* 29 mg/ℓ, *Ceriodaphna dubia* 4.9 mg/ℓ.

Algae: EC₅₀ (72 h) for *Scenedesmus subspicatus* 0.043 mg/ℓ and *Selenastrum capricornutum* (96 h) 0.01 mg/ℓ.

Other aquatic species: Long-term studies in aquatic ecosystems indicate no permanent damage up to 0.020 mg/ℓ.

Bees: LD₅₀ for oral >97 µg/bee; contact >100 µg/bee.

Worms: LC₅₀ (14 d) for *Eisenia foetida* 78 mg/kg soil.

No effect on ground beatles at 1.5 kg/ha.

Terbuthylazine:

Birds: Acute oral LD₅₀ for ducks and quail >1000 mg/kg. Dietary LC₅₀ (8 d) for ducks and quail >5620 ppm.

Fish: LC₅₀ (96 h) for Rainbow trout 2.2 mg/ℓ, Bluegill sunfish 52 mg/ℓ, carp and catfish 7.0 mg/ℓ.

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Daphnia: LC₅₀ (48 h) 69.3 mg/ℓ.

Algae: EC₅₀ (72 h) for *Scenedesmus subspicatus* 0.016-0.024 mg/ℓ.

Bees: LD₅₀ (oral and contact) >200 µg/bee.

Worms: LC₅₀ (14 d) earthworms >283 to >1000 mg/kg soil.

Calcium dodecylbenzene sulphonate:

Toxicity to fish: LC₅₀ (96h) 1 mg/ ℓ.

Aquatic toxicity crustacean: EC₅₀ (48h) *Daphnia Magna*, 2.9 mg/ ℓ.

Aquatic toxicity algae: EC₅₀ (96h) 28 mg/ ℓ.

Dichlormid:

Birds: Dietary LC₅₀ (5 d) for Mallard ducks 14500 mg/kg, Bobwhite quail 10 000 mg/kg diet.

Fish: LC₅₀ 96 hrs, for rainbow trout 141 mg/ℓ.

Daphnia: LC₅₀ (48 h) 161 mg/ℓ.

Persistence and degradability:

No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential:

No information available.

Mobility in soil:

No information available.

Results of PBT& vPvB assessment:

No information available.

Other adverse effects:

No information available.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods:

Consider suitable waste recycling, re-use or recovery options. Dispose of in accordance with municipal, provincial and national regulations. Waste Classification and Management Regulations (GN 634 of 2013). Dispose and or manage in accordance with the requirements contained in R634 Waste Classification & Management Regulations, R635 National Norms & Standards for the Assessment of Waste for Landfill Disposal and R636 National Norms & Standards for Disposal of Waste to Landfill.

Product/ packaging disposal:

Ensure container is completely empty. Treat as hazardous waste and dispose of in accordance with municipal, provincial and national regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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	Land transport (ADR/RID)	Sea transport (IMDG)	Air transport (ICAO/IATA)
UN-Number	3082	3082	3082
UN Proper shipping name:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S (Atrazine, tetrabutylazine)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S (Atrazine, tetrabutylazine)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S (Atrazine, tetrabutylazine)
Transport hazard class:	9	9	9
Packaging group:	III	III	III
Marine pollutant:	Yes	Yes	Yes
Special precautions for user:	None	None	None
Transport in bulk according to MARPOL 73/78 Annex II and the IBC code	Not required	Not required	Not required

Inland waterways: Not required.

Emergency response information: Not required.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation for the mixture:

Relevant information regarding authorization: Occupational Health and Safety Act 1993. Regulation for Hazardous Chemical Agents, 2021. UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations Rev. 21 (2019), Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) Rev 8, 2019.

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

Relevant information regarding restrictions:

EU regulations: Regulation EC 1272/2008 [EU-GHS/CLP]

Other National regulations: National Road Traffic Act, 1996 (ACT NO. 93 of 1996).

SANS 10228:2012- The identification and classification of dangerous goods for transport by road and rail modes.

National Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008.

Chemical Safety Assessment carried out? No

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Indication of changes:

All sections.

Relevant H statements (number and full text):

STOT SE 3- Specific target organ toxicity single exposure (Category 3)

STOT RE 2- Specific target organ toxicity repeated exposure (Category 2)

Aquatic acute 1- Hazardous to the aquatic environment (Acute 1)

Aquatic chronic 1- Hazardous to the aquatic environment (Chronic 1)

H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 May cause skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H340 May cause genetic defects. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Training instructions:

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Use as indicated on the label, special training may be required for application.

Further information:

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Notice to readers:

Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and should make independent judgement of suitability of this information to ensure proper use and protect the health and safety of employees.

This information is furnished without warranty, and any use of the product not in conformance with this Safety Data Sheet, or in combination with any other product or process, is the responsibility of the user.