

POTASSGUARD 400 SL

TO CAUSE A HAZARD IN THE USE, STORAGE OR DISPOSAL OF THIS SUBSTANCE IS AN OFFENCE.

PRECAUTIONS:

- 1 Handle with care. Avoid splashing/contact. Do not inhale spray mist.
- 2 Wear rubber gloves, boots, face shield and overall whilst mixing and applying.
- 3 KEEP APART FROM FOOD, FEEDSTUFFS, DRINKING WATER AND EATING UTENSILS.
- 4 KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN, ANIMALS AND UNINFORMED PERSONS.
- 5 Wash with soap and cold water after application or skin contamination.
- 6 Wash contaminated clothing after application.
- 7 Do not eat, drink or smoke whilst applying or before washing hands and face.
- 8 Prevent spray drift onto other crops, grazing or any other areas not under treatment.
- 9 Rinse the empty **Potassguard 400 SL** containers three times with a volume of water equal to one tenth of the volume of the container and add rinsings to the spray solution in the spray tank. Then destroy the container by perforation and flattening.
- 10 Do not use container for any other purpose.

WARNINGS:

Allow the following withholding periods between last application and harvesting:

CITRUS, WINE AND TABLE GRAPES 28 DAYS

POTATOES 21 DAYS

PINEAPPLES should NOT be sprayed within 6 weeks of flower induction

Handle with care.

Harmful if swallowed.

May cause skin and eye irritation.

Store in a cool dry place, away from food and feedstuffs.

Re-entry – Do not enter treated area until spray deposit has dried unless wearing protective clothing.

In case of poisoning – CALL A DOCTOR AND MAKE THIS LABEL AVAILABLE TO HIM/HER.

SYMPTOMS OF HUMAN POISONING:

Excessive exposure may cause weakness, general depression, headache and mental impairment. If ingested in large quantities symptoms may include dizziness, abdominal cramps, vomiting, bloody diarrhoea, weakness, convulsions, shortness of breath and collapse. Coma, convulsions and death are possible.

FIRST AID TREATMENT:

Eye contact: Hold eyelids open and flush with water (at least 15 – 20 minutes). Get medical attention.

Skin contact: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes and wash thoroughly before re-using.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air. Rinse nose, mouth and throat with water. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Immediately apply oxygen but do not use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Ingestion: DO NOT induce vomiting. If patient is conscious immediate dilution by drinking milk or water may be beneficial. Do not give sodium bicarbonate in an attempt to neutralise the acid. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

There is no specific antidote. Treat symptomatically.

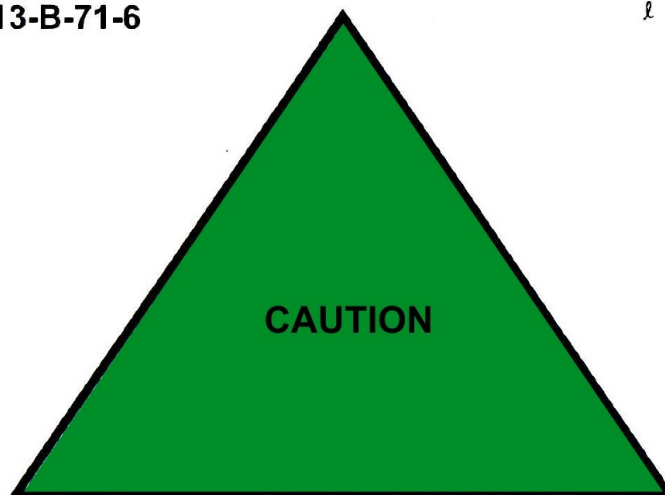
Fungicide

Reg. No:

13-B-71-6

Net Contents:

ℓ



HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED

COMPOSITION

Phosphorous acid equivalent

Potassium phosphite

Inert ingredients

Mass/vol

400 g/ℓ

560 g/ℓ

to 1 litre

Chemical Group: Inorganic Compound

A systemic water soluble liquid fungicide for the control of diseases caused by Oomycetes on various crops as listed in the label.

REGISTERED AND DISTRIBUTED BY:

Refiloe Trading (Pvt) Ltd
P O Box AY 201, AMBY
Bayer Complex
1 Martin Road, Msasa
Harare, Zimbabwe
Tel: +263-4-446882-8

REGISTERED AND MANUFACTURED BY:

Nulandis
Reg. No. 1972/013867/07
P O BOX 14418
WITFIELD
1467 South Africa
Tel: +27-11-823 8000 / 12
Fax: +27-11-388 1584

Date of Manufacture: See container

Batch No: See container

Expiry Date: See container

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: USE ONLY AS DIRECTED

CROP/PEST	Dosage per 100 ltr water	REMARKS
POTATOES <i>Late blight</i> B	400 ml/100 ltr water (2-4 ltr/Ha)	Can be used with Chlorothalonil 500 SC at 100 ml/100 ltr water. Add POTASSGUARD 400 SL to the mixing tank first. Spray at 14-21 days after emergence over the row.
CITRUS <i>Phytophthora root and crown rot</i>	500 ml/100 ltr water 1 ltr/1 ltr water	Spray 1800-2000 ltrs of mix/Ha, less for smaller trees. Spray early morning or late evening to avoid leaf burn. Stem application. Paint whole trunk from ground level to 35 cm. Check root stock tolerance first.

NOTE: Maximum residue limits (MRL) have been determined for **Potassguard 400 SL** in South Africa. These values are based on considerations for "good agricultural practice" (GAP). In several countries of the world (e.g. The USA and many Middle Eastern and Mediterranean countries) phosphorous acid formulations are regarded as fertilizers rather than fungicides and since MRL's are not required for fertilizer products, these countries have neither established nor approved MRL values for phosphorous acid products. There are also other countries where phosphorous acid is neither used as a fertilizer nor as a fungicide. Difficulties could therefore be experienced in exporting fruit from **Potassguard 400 SL** treated trees and vines to countries that have not established MRL values for phosphorous acid fungicides. Growers wishing to export their produce are recommended to discuss this matter with their export agents or with a representative of Nulandis.

WARRANTY

Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions the registration holder does not warrant that it will be efficacious under all conditions because the action and effect thereof may be affected by factors such as abnormal soil, climatic and storage conditions, quality of dilution water, compatibility with other substances not indicated on the label and the occurrence of resistance of the disease to the remedy concerned as well as by the method, time and accuracy of application. The registration holder furthermore does not accept responsibility for damage done to crops, vegetation, the environment or harm to man or animal or for lack of performance of the remedy concerned due to failure of the user to follow the label instructions or to the occurrence of conditions which could not have been foreseen in terms of the registration. Consult the supplier in the event of any uncertainty.